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Carrier:

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

#### **1.1 Product identifier**

Substance name: Calcium oxide Synonyms: Lime, burnt lime, quicklime, calcium oxide, calcium monoxide. Chemical name and formula: Calcium oxide - CaO Trade name: MASTEROX R CAS: 1305-78-8 EINECS: 215-138-9 Molecular Weight: 56.08 g/mol **REACH Registration number:** 01-2119475325-36-0061

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Please check the identified uses in table 1 of the Appendix of this SDS. Uses advise against: There are no uses advised against.

### **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

	-
Name:	Birch Chemicals Limited
Address:	Melton Ross Quarries, Barnetby,
	North Lincolnshire DN38 6AE
Phone N°:	+44(0)1652 686080
Fax N°:	+44(0)1652 686081
E-mail of competent person(s)	Ldownes@singletonbirch.co.uk
responsible for the SDS:	

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Region/ Countries	Languages Provided	Emergency Telephone Number	Intended Process
Europe, Middle East and Africa	English	+44 186 <mark>5 407333</mark>	Routes directly to NCEC. This line provides access to an English Language response only.
Americas	English	+1 202 464 2554	A local number for use in Americas. Routes directly to NCEC. This line provides access to an English Language response only.
Asia-Pacific	English	+65 3165 2217	A local number for Singapore. Routes directly to NCEC. This line provides access to an English Language response only.

Birch Chemicals Limited Melton Ross Quarries Barnetby North Lincolnshire DN38 6AE

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#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance

#### 2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

STOT Single Exp. 3, Route of exposure: Inhalation Skin Irritation 2

Eye Damage 1

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### 2.2.1 Labelling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Signal word:	Danger	
Hazard pictogram:		!
Hazard statements:	H315:	Causes skin irritation
	H318:	Causes serious eye damage
	H335:	May cause respiratory irritation
Precautionary statements:	P102:	Keep out of reach of children
	P280:	Wear protective gloves/protective
		clothing/eye prote <mark>ction/face protect</mark> ion
	P305+P351+P310:	IF IN EYES: Rinse <mark>cautiously with w</mark> ater
		for sev <mark>eral m</mark> inutes <mark>. Immediately ca</mark> ll a
		POIS <mark>ON CENT</mark> RE or <mark>doctor/physicia</mark> n
	P302+P352:	IF <mark>ON SKIN: W</mark> ash wi <mark>th plenty of w</mark> ater
	P261:	Avoid breathing dust/spray
	P304+P340:	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air
		and keep at rest in a position
		comfortable for breathing.
	P501:	Dispose of contents/container in
		accordance with local, regional, national
		and international regulation – use a
		registered hazardous waste
		carrier/licence holder, and/or contact
		the manufacturer

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB substance. No other hazards identified.

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#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Main constituent 70% Name: CAS: EINECS:

Calcium oxide 1305-78-8 215-138-9

Secondary constituent 30%

	-	
Name:	F	PE

#### Impurities

No impurities relevant for classification and labelling.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### **General advice**

No known delayed effects. Consult a physician for all exposures except for minor instances.

#### Following inhalation

Move source of dust or move person to fresh air. Obtain medical attention immediately.

#### Following skin contact

Carefully and gently brush the contaminated body surfaces in order to remove all traces of product. Wash affected area immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. If necessary seek medical advice.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse eyes immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### **Following ingestion**

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do **NOT** induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

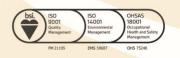
Calcium oxide is not acutely toxic via the oral, dermal, or inhalation route. The substance is classified as irritating to skin and the respiratory tract, and entails a risk of serious damage to the eye. There is no concern for adverse systemic effects because local effects (pH-effect) are the major health hazard.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Follow the advises given in section 4.1

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#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: The product is not combustible. Use a dry powder, foam or CO<sub>2</sub> fire extinguisher to extinguish the surrounding fire. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### 5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water. Avoid humidification.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Calcium oxide reacts with water and generates heat. This may cause risk to flammable material.

#### 5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Avoid generation of dust. Use breathing apparatus. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep dust levels to a minimum.

Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing – wear suitable protective equipment (see section 8). Avoid inhalation of dust – ensure that sufficient ventilation or suitable respiratory protective equipment is used, wear suitable protective equipment (see section 8). Avoid humidification.

#### 6.1.2 For emergency responders

Keep dust levels to a minimum.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing – wear suitable protective equipment (see section 8). Avoid inhalation of dust – ensure that sufficient ventilation or suitable respiratory protective equipment is used, wear suitable protective equipment (see section 8). Avoid humidification.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain the spillage. Keep the material dry if possible. Cover area if possible to avoid unnecessary dust hazard. Avoid uncontrolled spills to watercourses and drains (pH increase). Any large spillage into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other regulatory body.

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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

In all cases avoid dust formation.

Keep the material dry if possible.

Pick up the product mechanically in a dry way.

Use vacuum suction unit, or shovel into bags.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For more information on exposure controls/personal protection or disposal considerations, please check section 8 and 13 and the Annex of this safety data sheet.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 Protective measures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective equipment (refer to section 8 of this safety data sheet). Do not wear contact lenses when handling this product. It is also advisable to have individual pocket eyewash. Keep dust levels to a minimum. Minimize dust generation. Enclose dust sources, use exhaust ventilation (dust collector at handling points). Handling systems should preferably be enclosed. When handling bags usual precautions should be paid to the risks outlined in the Council Directive 90/269/EEC.

#### 7.1.2 Advice on general occupational hygiene

Avoid inhalation or ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. General occupational hygiene measures are required to ensure safe handling of the substance. These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning with suitable cleaning devices), no drinking, eating and smoking at the workplace. Shower and change clothes at end of work shift. Do not wear contaminated clothing at home.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The substance should be stored under dry conditions. Any contact with air and moisture should be avoided. Bulk storage should be in purpose – designed silos. Keep away from acids, significant quantities of paper, straw, and nitro compounds. Keep out of reach of children. Do not use aluminium for transport or storage if there is a risk of contact with water.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Please check the identified uses in table 1 of the Appendix of this SDS. For more information please see the relevant exposure scenario, available via your supplier/given in the Appendix, and check section 2.1: Control of worker exposure.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

SCOEL recommendation (SCOEL/SUM/137 February 2008; see Section 16.6): Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL), 8 h TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

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Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), 8h TWA:  $1 \text{ mg/m}^3$  respirable dust of calcium oxide Short-term exposure limit (STEL), 15 min:  $4 \text{ mg/m}^3$  respirable dust of calcium oxide PNEC aqua =  $370 \mu \text{g/l}$ 

PNEC soil/groundwater = 816 mg/l

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

To control potential exposures, generation of dust should be avoided. Further, appropriate protective equipment is recommended. Eye protection equipment (e.g. goggles or visors) must be worn, unless potential contact with the eye can be excluded by the nature and type of application (i.e. closed process). Additionally, face protection, protective clothing and safety shoes are required to be worn as appropriate.

Please check the relevant exposure scenario, given in the Appendix/available via your supplier.

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne dust levels below recommended exposure limits.

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment 8.2.2.1 Eye/face protection

Do not wear contact lenses. For powders, tight fitting goggles with side shields, or wide vision full goggles. It is also advisable to have individual pocket eyewash.

#### 8.2.2.2 Skin protection

Since calcium oxide is classified as irritating to skin, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. The use of protective gloves (nitrile), protective standard working clothes fully covering skin, full length trousers, long sleeved overalls, with close fittings at openings and shoes resistant to caustics and avoiding dust penetration are required to be worn.

#### 8.2.2.3 Respiratory protection

Local ventilation to keep levels below established threshold values is recommended. A suitable particle filter mask is recommended, depending on the expected exposure levels - please check the relevant exposure scenario, given in the Appendix/available via your supplier.

#### 8.2.2.4 Thermal hazards

The substance does not represent a thermal hazard, thus special consideration is not required.

#### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

All ventilation systems should be filtered before discharge to atmosphere. Avoid releasing to the environment.

Contain the spillage. Any large spillage into watercourses must be alerted to the regulatory authority responsible for environmental protection or other regulatory body.

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For detailed explanations of the risk management measures that adequately control exposure of the environment to the substance please check the relevant exposure scenario, available via your supplier.

For further detailed information, please check the Appendix of this SDS.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic	physical and chemical properties
Appearance:	White or off white (beige) solid granular material of varying sizes
Odour:	odourless
Odour threshold:	not applicable
pH:	12.3 (saturated solution at 20 °C)
Melting point:	> 450 °C (study result, EU A.1 method)
Boiling point:	not applicable (solid with a boiling point > $315 \text{ °C}$ )
Flash point:	not applicable (solid with a boiling point > $315 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Evaporation rate:	not applicable (solid with a boiling point > $315 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Flammability:	non flammable (study result, EU A.10 method)
Explosive limits:	non explosive (void of any chemical structures commonly
	associated with explosive properties)
Vapour pressure:	not applicable (solid with a boiling point > $315 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Vapour density:	not applicable
Relative density:	3.31 (study result, EU A.3 method)
Solubility in water:	1337.6 mg/L (study results, EU A.6 method)
Partition coefficient:	not applicable (inorganic substance)
Auto ignition temperature:	no relative self-ignition temperature below 400 °C (study result,
	EU A.16 method)
Decomposition temperature:	not applicable
Viscosity:	not applicable (solid with a boiling point > 315 °C)
Oxidising properties:	no oxidising properties (Based <mark>on the c</mark> hemic <mark>al structure, the</mark>
	substance does not contain <mark>a surplus of</mark> oxyge <mark>n or any struct</mark> ural
	groups known to be correlated with a tendency to react
	exothermally with comb <mark>ustible material)</mark>

### **9.2 Other information** Not available

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#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Calcium oxide reacts exothermically with water to form Calcium dihydroxide.

#### **10.2 Chemical stability**

Under normal conditions of use and storage (dry conditions), calcium oxide is stable.

#### **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Calcium oxide reacts exothermically with acids to form calcium salts.

#### **10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Minimise exposure to air and moisture to avoid degradation.

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

Calcium oxide reacts exothermically with water to form calcium dihydroxide:

 $CaO + H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + 1155 \text{ kJ/kg CaO}$ 

Calcium oxide reacts exothermically with acids to form calcium salts.

Calcium oxide reacts with aluminium and brass in the presence of moisture leading to the production of hydrogen: CaO + 2 Al + 7 H<sub>2</sub>O  $\rightarrow$  Ca(Al (OH)<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> + 3 H<sub>2</sub>

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

Further information: calcium oxide absorbs moisture and carbon dioxide from air to form calcium carbonate, which is a common material in nature.

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#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Calcium oxide is classified as irritating to skin and the respiratory tract and it entails a risk of serious damage to the eye. The occupational exposure limit for the prevention of local sensory irritation and decrease of lung function parameters as critical effects is OEL (8 h) =  $1 \text{ mg/m}^3$  respirable dust.

Toxicity endpoints	Outcome of the effects assessment		
Absorption	The primary health effect of calcium oxide is local irritation due to a pH shift. Therefore, absorption is not a relevant parameter for the effects assessment.		
Acute toxicity	Calcium oxide is not acutely toxic. Oral LD <sub>50</sub> > 2000 mg/kg bw (OECD 425, rat) Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> > 2500 mg/kg bw (calcium dihydroxide, OECD 402, rabbit); by read across these results are also applicable to calcium oxide, since in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed. Inhalation no data available Classification for acute toxicity is not warranted. For irritating effects to the respiratory tract see below.		
Irritation / corrosion	Calcium oxide entails a risk of serious damage to the eye (eye irritation studies ( <i>in vivo</i> , rabbit). Calcium oxide is irritating to skin ( <i>in vivo</i> , rabbit). From human data it is concluded that CaO is irritating to the respiratory tract. Based on experimental results, calcium oxide requires classification as irritating to skin [R38, irritating to skin; Skin Irrit 2 (H315 – Causes skin irritation)] and as severely irritating to the eye [R41, Risk of serious damage to eye; Eye Damage 1 (H318 - Causes serious eye damage)]. As summarised and evaluated in the SCOEL recommendation (Anonymous, 2008), based on human data calcium oxide is classified as irritating to the respiratory system [R37, Irritating to respiratory system; STOT SE 3 (H335 – May cause respiratory irritation)].		
Sensitisation	No data available. Calcium oxide is considered not to be a skin sensitiser, based on the nature of the effect (pH shift) and the essential requirement of calcium for human nutrition. Classification for sensitisation is not warranted.		

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Toxicity endpoints	Outcome of the effects assessment
Repeated dose toxicity	Toxicity of calcium via the oral route is addressed by upper intake levels (UL) for adults determined by the Scientific Committee on Food (SCF), being UL = 2500 mg/d, corresponding to 36 mg/kg bw/d (70 kg person) for calcium. Toxicity of CaO via the dermal route is not considered as relevant in view of the anticipated insignificant absorption through skin and due to local irritation as the primary health effect (pH shift). Toxicity of CaO via inhalation (local effect, irritation of mucous membranes) is addressed by an 8-h TWA determined by the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) of 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust (see Section 8.1). Therefore, classification of CaO for toxicity upon prolonged exposure is not required.
Mutagenicity	Bacterial reverse mutation assay (Ames test, OECD 471): Negative In view of the omnipresence and essentiality of Ca and of the physiological non-relevance of any pH shift induced by calcium oxide in aqueous media, CaO is obviously void of any genotoxic potential. Classification for genotoxicity is not warranted.
Carcinogenicity	Calcium (administered as Ca-lactate) is not carcinogenic (experimental result, rat). The pH effect of calcium oxide does not give rise to a carcinogenic risk. Human epidemiological data support lack of any carcinogenic potential of calcium oxide. Classification for carcinogenicity is not warranted.
Toxicity for reproduction	Calcium (administered as Ca-carbonate) is not toxic to reproduction (experimental result, mouse). The pH effect does not give rise to a reproductive risk. Human epidemiological data support lack of any potential for reproductive toxicity of calcium oxide. Both in animal studies and human clinical studies on various calcium salts no reproductive or developmental effects were detected. Also see the Scientific Committee on Food (Section 16.6). Thus, calcium oxide is not toxic for reproduction and/or development. Classification for reproductive toxicity according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 is not required.

#### **12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

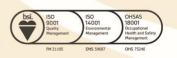
#### 12.1.1 Acute/Prolonged toxicity to fish

LC<sub>50</sub> (96h) for freshwater fish: 50.6 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide) LC<sub>50</sub> (96h) for marine water fish: 457 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide)

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#### 12.1.2 Acute/Prolonged toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub> (48h) for freshwater invertebrates: 49.1 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide) LC<sub>50</sub> (96h) for marine water invertebrates: 158 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide)

#### 12.1.3 Acute/Prolonged toxicity to aquatic plants

EC<sub>50</sub> (72h) for freshwater algae: 184.57 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide) NOEC (72h) for freshwater algae: 48 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide)

#### 12.1.4 Toxicity to micro-organisms e.g. bacteria

At high concentration, through the rise of temperature and pH, calcium oxide is used for disinfection of sewage sludges

#### 12.1.5 Chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms

NOEC (14d) for marine water invertebrates: 32 mg/l (calcium dihydroxide)

#### 12.1.6 Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

EC<sub>10</sub>/LC<sub>10</sub> or NOEC for soil macro organisms: 2000 mg/kg soil dw(calcium dihydroxide) EC<sub>10</sub>/LC<sub>10</sub> or NOEC for soil microorganisms: 12000 mg/kg soil dw(calcium dihydroxide)

#### 12.1.7 Toxicity to terrestrial plants

NOEC (21d) for terrestrial plants: 1080 mg/kg (calcium dihydroxide)

#### 12.1.8 General effect

Acute pH-effect. Although this product is useful to correct water acidity, an excess of more than 1 g/l may be harmful to aquatic life. pH-value of > 12 will rapidly decrease as result of dilution and carbonation

#### 12.1.9 Further information

The results by read across are also applicable to calcium oxide, since in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not relevant for inorganic substances

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Not relevant for inorganic substances

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Calcium oxide reacts with water and/or carbon dioxide to form respectively calcium dihydroxide and/or calcium carbonate, which are sparingly soluble, and present a low mobility in most soils.

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#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant for inorganic substances

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects are identified

#### **13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal of calcium oxide should be in accordance with local and national legislation. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with applicable member state and local requirements.

The used packing is only meant for packing this product; it should not be reused for other purposes. After usage, empty the packing completely.

#### **14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Calcium oxide is not classified as hazardous for transport (ADR (Road), RID (Rail), IMDG / GGVSea (Sea).

#### 14.1 UN-Number

UN 1910

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Calcium oxide

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class

Class 8 Calcium oxide is listed in IMDG (Amendment 34-08).

#### 14.4 Packing group

Group III (Air transport (ICAO/IATA))

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

None

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Avoid any release of dust during transportation, by using air-tight tanks for powders and covered trucks for pebbles.

#### **14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code** Not regulated.

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#### **15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance

Authorisations:	Not required
Restrictions on use:	None
Other EU regulations:	Calcium oxide is not a SEVESO substance, not an ozone depleting
	substance and not a persistent organic pollutant.
National regulations:	Water endangering class 1 (Germany)

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance.

#### **16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Data are based on our latest knowledge but do not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and do not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### **16.1 Hazard Statements**

- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H318: Causes serious eye damage
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation

#### **16.2 Precautionary Statements**

P102:	Keep out of reach of children
P280:	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P305+P351:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes
P310:	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician
P302+P352:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P261:	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P304+P340:	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
	for breathing
P501:	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /
	international regulation - use a registered hazardous waste carrier/licence holder,
	and/or contact the manufacturer

#### 16.3 Risk Phrases

- R37: Irritating to respiratory system
- R38: Irritating to skin
- R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes

#### **16.4 Safety Phrases**

- S2: Keep out of the reach of children
- S25: Avoid contact with eyes

#### Birch Chemicals Limited

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S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

- S37: Wear suitable gloves
- S39: Wear eye/face protection

#### 16.5 Abbreviations

- EC<sub>50</sub>: median effective concentration
- LC<sub>50</sub>: median lethal concentration
- LD<sub>50</sub>: median lethal dose
- NOEC: no observable effect concentration
- WEL: workplace exposure limit
- OEL: occupational exposure limit
- PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic chemical
- PNEC: predicted no-effect concentration
- STEL: short-term exposure limit
- TWA: time weighted average
- vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative chemical
- EULA: European Lime Association

#### 16.6 Key literature references

Anonymous, 2006: Tolerable upper intake levels for vitamins and minerals Scientific Committee on Food, European Food Safety Authority, ISBN: 92-9199-014-0 [SCF document] Anonymous, 2008: Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) for calcium oxide (CaO) and calcium dihydroxide (Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>), European Commission, DG Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities, SCOEL/SUM/137 February 2008

#### **16.7 Revision** SDS revised in accordance with EULA SDS format

#### <u>Disclaimer</u>

This safety data sheet (SDS) is based on the legal provisions of the REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006; article 31 and Annex II), as amended. Its contents are intended as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material. It is the responsibility of recipients of this SDS to ensure that the information contained therein is properly read and understood by all people who may use, handle, dispose or in any way come in contact with the product. Information and instructions provided in this SDS are based on the current state of scientific and technical knowledge at the date of issue indicated. It should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance, suitability for particular applications, and does not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. This version of the SDS supersedes all previous versions.

#### ANNEX

Addition of exposure Scenarios as applicable - Please see Appendix SDS 1A – Calcium oxide Range.

Birch Chemicals Limited Melton Ross Quarries Barnetby North Lincolnshire DN38 6AE

T: 01652 686000 F: 01652 686081 birchchemicals.co.uk





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